

SIGNED.



Dated: December 14, 2007

James M. Marlara
JAMES M. MARLAR
U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

<p>10 In re:</p> <p>11 FIRST MAGNUS FINANCIAL</p> <p>12 CORPORATION,</p> <p>13</p> <p>14 _____ Debtor.</p>	<p>) Chapter 11</p> <p>) No. No. 4:07-bk-01578-JMM</p> <p>) MEMORANDUM DECISION RE:</p> <p>) DEBTOR'S PROPOSED FIRST</p> <p>) AMENDED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT</p>
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The Debtor has proposed a First Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation and First Amended Disclosure Statement. On December 7, 2007, the court conducted a hearing at which the adequacy of the disclosure statement was discussed. Numerous parties appeared and offered suggestions, comments, or objections regarding such issue. The court then took the matter under advisement in order to consider the issues in a more deliberate fashion. Having now done so, the court suggests that, with the Debtor's supplementation along the lines enumerated by the court, the disclosure statement can be completed and packaged for dissemination to the creditor body.

The court's comments refer to the redlined First Amended Disclosure Statement filed December 5, 2007, Administrative Dkt. #765.

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COURT'S SUGGESTED EDITS OR REVISIONS

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- 2
- 3 p. 1, li. 9: Add "HOWEVER, CREDITORS ALSO HAVE THE OPTION OF VOTING
- 4 AGAINST OR REJECTING THE PLAN."
- 5 p. 2, li. 2: Insert "or rejections" after the word "acceptances."
- 6 p. 3, li. 19: Change "charges" to charge offs"
- 7 p. 4, li. 8-10: Instead of referring to outside exhibits, the Debtor should expand the
- 8 discussion in this area (perhaps with the Committee's input) to specifically
- 9 describe (without limitation), the transfers to insiders by date, amount, and
- 10 person or entity. The names of the insider-transferees need to be specified in
- 11 the body of the disclosure statement. A chart approach similar to that
- 12 suggested by WNS would be clear and organized.
- 13 p. 5, li. 4-5: Delete "displayed money" as unsupported puffing. By merely stating the
- 14 facts, creditors and others can draw their own conclusions as to the insiders'
- 15 motives for this behavior.
- 16 p. 7, li. 1-2: Delete ". . . and . . . Debtor." It remains to be seen whether an orderly
- 17 liquidation is feasible.
- 18 p. 7, li. 7: Delete "early . . . November" and change "2007" to "2008."
- 19 p. 7, li. 8-15: Perhaps eliminate this entire paragraph, or update it, since the Steel Mountain
- 20 proposal is either still in early stages, or has been dropped. (The court is
- 21 unclear from the last hearing as to the current status.)
- 22 p. 8, li. 8: Insert a hyphen between the words "post-petition."
- 23 p. 8, li. 13: Revise "as Exhibit 4a" to "as an exhibit" and delete "the 177.)"
- 24 p. 8, li. 24: Insert a hyphen between the words "post-petition."
- 25 p. 9, li. 11: Ensure that the headings for each of the columns can be read.
- 26 p. 9, li. 20: After the chart, it is unclear if these numbers are assets or liabilities, and/or
- 27 what part of each is what. Describe generally how the Debtor intends to deal
- 28 with each asset, and/or pay each associated liability.

- 1 p. 10, li. 7: Are the "scratch and dent" loans assets or liabilities? If assets, describe how
2 they will be liquidated and what net is expected to be realized for creditors.
- 3 p. 10, li. 17: Add a sentence or two that describes whether Chase will have an anticipated
4 deficiency claim, and if so, the Debtor's best estimate of how much it will be.
- 5 p. 10, li. 19: When speaking of liabilities owed to First Magnus Capital ("FMC"), specify
6 "claimed to be" before the word "owed." Also, add the words "the Debtor's
7 parent company" (if accurate, otherwise whatever relationship term is
8 applicable) after the words "First Magnus Capital."
- 9 p. 11, li. 1: Update after "10/12" to most current figure available on staffing.
- 10 p. 11, li. 15 & 17: Insert a hyphen between the words "post-petition."
- 11 p. 11, part B: Has the wind-down projection been refined from the early days of filing? If
12 not, specify when the attached projection was prepared and what changes,
13 positive or negative, now impact on the estimates.
- 14 p. 12, li. 1: Ensure that headings to each column are legible.
- 15 p. 12, li. 9: Delete "There is little doubt, however . . ." and substitute "The Debtor
16 maintains . . ."
- 17 p. 12, li. 13: Add "ground" after words "legal or equitable."
- 18 p. 13, li. 16: Insert a hyphen between the words "post-petition."
- 19 p. 14, li. 2: For the first time, the term "Dividend Fund" is used in the disclosure
20 statement. Please describe what it is and how, generally, it is intended to
21 operate.
- 22 p. 15, li. 3: Is it accurate that the Debtor, not a trust committee, will be making post-
23 petition decisions, or is this a typographical error? Please describe the concept
24 behind the provision. Who will be making ongoing decisions, post-
25 confirmation, for the Debtor, and at what rate of compensation?
- 26 p. 16, li. 6: FMC is assumed by the Debtor to be a true third-party creditor, without any
27 consideration for its insider status or a possible § 510 subordination challenge.
28 Consider whether FMC needs to be separately classified. No discussion of

1 FMC can be complete without the Debtor (in its fiduciary capacity for the
2 benefit of all creditors) taking an objective look at FMC and its role, and that
3 of its principals, leading up to the Debtor's demise.

4 p. 17, li. 16:

5 It is assumed that WAMU satisfied its claims (or at the least the vast majority
6 thereof). But the disclosure statement is unclear as to whether WAMU still
7 has claims, and if so, against what assets, or if it is unsecured. Please describe
8 more fully.

9 p. 18, li. 3:

10 Please describe how (and who) will handle claims litigation. Please note
11 whether the bankruptcy court will retain jurisdiction over such litigation.
12 Estimate the cost thereof, as well.

13 p. 18, li. 8:

14 Add after "affiliate of the Debtor" the clause "and (iii) any other insider or
15 affiliate of the Debtor, including but not limited to shareholders and/or First
16 Magnus Financial Corporation."

17 p. 18, li. 10-14:

18 It is unclear as to what type of debt this joint check class relates. Please give
19 examples, so it is clear as to who constitutes this class.

20 p. 19, li. 7-16:

21 The definition of "Effective Date" appears to be a fluid one, delaying
22 indefinitely appeal rights from any confirmation order. This needs to be
23 changed to a date certain, so appeal rights are neither delayed or denied. The
24 concept of a floating effective date is not consistent with the Code's scheme.

25 p. 21, li. 23:

26 There should be an accounting mechanism to creditors, on a periodic basis.

27 p. 22, li 13:

28 It is unclear whether the Litigation Trust shall have the avoiding powers of a
statutory trustee or debtor-in-possession. If that is the intent, legal authority
for such a proposition needs to be articulated, because if this concept deprives
the Litigation Trust of such powers, many legal opportunities for asset
recovery might either be lost entirely, or potential targets of avoidance
litigation may have been handed a built-in defense. If discussed, then the
Debtor should point to the Ninth Circuit authority, or if none, review the law

of all Circuits and note if a conflict between them exists.¹

p. 23, li. 2: Provide a periodic and definite accounting mechanism to creditors.

p. 24, li. 24: Again, does a Litigation Trust have the legal power to assert statutory bankruptcy avoiding powers?

p. 24, li. 8: The identity of the contemplated individuals should be disclosed. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5). This applies to "advisory" board members as well as the Trustees. It appears that the Debtor has chosen Mr. Aaron as the Liquidating Trustee, together with his company. Other individuals are less clear.

p. 25, li. 3-26: Same comments as above. Is the advisory board limited to Litigation Trust only, or does the Liquidation Trust also have an advisory group? If so, who and at what compensation rates?

p. 26, li. 12-14 and li. 25-26: The description of "reasonable compensation" is too indefinite and loose. The Debtor needs to firm up the specifics. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4), (5).

p. 27, li. 3-5: Describe the purpose for this section. May a creditor pledge a claim as security?

p. 27, li. 8-10: Describe what is meant by the term "Hold Account." It is found in the plan, but needs to be explained in the disclosure statement as well.

p. 27, li. 11-20: Please explain the types of misfeasance or malfeasance the advisory committee could be liable for.

p. 28, li. 16: What is a "Chapter 5 Claim?"

p. 30, li. 4: Add "appropriate" after "any" and before "counsel." This ensures that a party's due process rights are preserved, and notice is not given to someone who may not have the authority to handle the problem.

p. 30, li. 7-13: It appears that no portion of a claim can be distributed if any part thereof is in dispute. Is this the intent? If so, why? Should not a creditor receive any

¹ It would be helpful if the U.S. Trustee could provide its input on this point.

1 undisputed portion? Why hold an undisputed portion hostage to a disputed
2 portion? Please explain the rationale for this, or change it.

3 p. 30-31, li. 26-1: Please explain the legal authority for limiting a creditor's claim to only its
4 "estimated" portion. Estimation is a vote-control process, not a claims
5 adjudication process, unless there is authority for this concept.

6 p. 36, li. 4-6: The liquidation analysis should be summarized here, in dollars and cents,
7 rather than by reference to an outside exhibit. This aspect of the case is
8 extremely important to creditors. The summary should break down what the
9 Debtor holds, what the value of each asset is, what secured or other claims are
10 against those assets, what litigation recoveries are anticipated (against who and
11 on what general theories), less the costs of administration and litigation. The
12 discussion should end with an estimation of how each class will fare. It is this
13 information that creditors need in order to intelligently decide whether to vote
14 for or against a plan.

15 p. 37, li. 13: What is intended to be placed on the blank line?

16 p. 40, li. 12: Replace "who" with "which Equity Interest group."

17
18 **THE OBJECTIONS OF SPECIFIC CREDITORS**

19
20 **A. WNS North America**

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22 The points made by WNS concerning the transfers made to insiders or affiliates, taken
23 from the schedules, are indicative of the type of disclosure required in the disclosure statement.

24 The failure of the debtor-in-possession, as a fiduciary, to aggressively investigate these
25 items, or to downplay them, may point to the need for the appointment of either an independent
26 examiner or trustee. The court understands the delicacy of such investigation, but inherent in the
27 "soft-pedaling" of issues of this type is the suspicion that the Debtor knows where the bodies are
28 buried, but refuses to give up the map. The statute allows for a debtor-in-possession to propose a

1 liquidation plan, but the inherent problem caused by such a facially-efficient process tends more
2 toward insider, rather than creditor protection.

3 The Debtor should give as much information as it can as to all insider or insider-
4 related transactions, without slanting it in any way in favor of such persons.

5 Other issues raised by WNS have either been addressed by the court in the section
6 above, or would appear to be best reserved for the confirmation hearing.

7 The Debtor should amend the disclosure statement to rigorously detail all pre-petition
8 insider transactions within the two years preceding the filing of the bankruptcy case on August 21,
9 2007.

10
11 **B. Maricopa County Treasurer**

12
13 The County's objection is not truly an objection. If the County filed proofs of claim,
14 and if the taxes are entitled to priority status, then the Debtor's plan deals with them in that status.

15 The Debtor need not amend its disclosure statement on the County's concerns.

16
17 **C. Docusafe**

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19 The concerns of Docusafe were addressed more to the practicalities of future (and
20 past) document storage and retention, than to actual deficiencies within the disclosure statement.
21 At the December 7th hearing, the parties appeared to have resolved Docusafe's concerns. Therefore,
22 the court will consider Docusafe to have withdrawn its objection.

23
24 **D. WC Partners**

25
26 WC Partners questions whether the Debtor has adequately disclosed its "net worth."
27 It also questions whether the Debtor's liquidation analysis is accurate. As near as the court can
28 discern, these concerns may become more clear once the Debtor re-organizes its "Liquidation

1 Analysis" section to more clearly define what its assets are, what liens or obligations exist relative
2 to each asset, and what the projected net return will be to the unsecured creditors.

3 Should any creditor desire to do so, it may conduct 2004 examinations of
4 knowledgeable individuals in order to prepare for the "best interests of creditors" confirmation
5 element, found at 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(7).

6 The court believes that its directive to the Debtor, found in the first section of this
7 Memorandum Decision, will focus the Debtor on the issues that concern WC Partners.

8 9 **E. UBS RES**

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11 UBS contends that the Debtor has mischaracterized its legal relationship with UBS.
12 To the extent that the parties differ as to that status, the disclosure statement should add language
13 which explains (1) the nature of the dispute; (2) the contentions of each of the parties; (3) how the
14 dispute or claim will be resolved; (4) what will happen with respect to the assets that are the subject
15 of the dispute; and (5) what value in those assets can be realized for the Debtor, in both a best and
16 worst-case scenario.

17 If the parties have different opinions as to their legal positions, that is all that needs
18 to be disclosed (together with the facts as indicated above), but those disagreements do not make
19 a disclosure statement misleading. They only point to the uncertainty of any projected outcome for
20 those assets.

21 To the extent that UBS is concerned over its status as either an owner or lienholder,
22 it may employ the remedy described in FED. R. BANKR. P. 7001, and file an adversary proceeding
23 to determine the validity, extent, or priority of its lien or other interest in the relevant property.
24 These property issues are incapable of being decided in a disclosure statement, however.

25 Concerns by UBS over a possible future "surcharge" are premature. Discussion and
26 speculation about such possibility does not require changes to the disclosure statement. Such issues
27 will be decided if and when they arise.

28

1 The remaining issues concerning UBS have either been previously addressed by the
2 court in the initial section of this Memorandum Decision, or are construed as items to be properly
3 raised at a later time, or as objections to the Debtor's attempt to obtain confirmation of its plan.
4

5 **F. Countrywide**

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7 Various Countrywide entities have also opposed the Debtor's disclosure statement.

8 Countrywide appears to be first concerned with the "lumping" of its various divisions
9 into a single class. To the extent that Countrywide or the Debtor can differentiate between those
10 interests, the Debtor should do so, re-classify Countrywide's divisions or units as necessary, and
11 define the treatment attributable to each entity and/or types of assets/collateral.

12 Next, as noted in the court's section, above, the Debtor should more clearly lay out
13 what assets it intends to dispose of, and which entity has a claim against those assets. This should
14 redress Countrywide's concerns.

15 Thirdly, Countrywide is concerned about the Debtor's "ordinary course of business"
16 sales. This is a liquidation case, and the court must assume that there no longer exists anything
17 remotely close to what once was an "ordinary course" transaction. The Debtor has shut down
18 offices all over the United States, has laid off thousands of employees, and has retrenched to its
19 Tucson headquarters to inventory and assess what parts of its former business may still have value.
20 Requests for the sale of assets have been periodically submitted to the court. If the Debtor is
21 maintaining any sales of assets that it may yet consider to be "ordinary course," and not subject to
22 court scrutiny, the court agrees with Countrywide that these should be disclosed, from the date of
23 the filing (August 21, 2007) forward. The Debtor should summarize its income and expenses for
24 each month since the filing of this case on August 21, 2007, similar to (but in a more abbreviated
25 fashion), those monthly operating reports which it submits to the U.S. Trustee each month.

26 The "surcharge" concerns of Countrywide were addressed above, in the context of
27 UBS' similar worry. This is not a disclosure statement issue.
28

1 The remainder of Countrywide's concerns have (1) either been addressed in the court's
2 independent review comments, or in its thoughts regarding the objections of others; (2) were agreed
3 to in open court by Messrs. Clemency and Miller; or (3) are more in the nature of confirmation
4 issues than disclosure issues.

5
6 **CONCLUSION**
7

8 The Debtor will be directed, by separate order, to amend its disclosure statement to
9 address the items set forth herein. A new red-lined version shall be submitted to the court and the
10 parties by January 2, 2008. The court will then review it, and if it passes scrutiny, the court intends
11 to set a confirmation hearing, in Tucson, Arizona, on Friday, February 1, 2008.

12
13 DATED AND SIGNED ABOVE.

14
15 Copies served as indicated below on the
16 date signed above:

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